

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 10 OREGON OPERATIONS OFFICE

805 SW Broadway, Suite 500 Portland, Oregon 97205

February 9, 2010

Mr. Robert Wyatt Northwest Natural & Chairman, Lower Willamette Group 220 Northwest Second Avenue Portland, Oregon 97209

Re: Portland Harbor Superfund Site; Administrative Order on Consent for Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study; Docket No. CERCLA-10-2001-0240 – LWG Response to EPA Preliminary Comments on Baseline Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessments

Dear Mr. Wyatt:

This letter is in response to the Lower Willamette Group's (LWG) February 5, 2010 letter regarding EPA's preliminary comments on the Baseline Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessments. EPA provided these 10 directed comments on December 23, 2009 to be incorporated into the draft risk assessments for the purpose of preparing a draft Feasibility Study (FS) for the Portland Harbor Superfund site. On January 6, 2010 and again on January 20, 2010, EPA granted extensions to the original 14 day deadline for initiating dispute resolution under the terms of the Administrative Order on Consent between EPA and the LWG for performing a remedial investigation and feasibility study (RI/FS) at the Portland Harbor Site.

In the LWG's January 20, 2010 letter, the LWG objected to 8 of EPA's 10 directed comments. EPA agreed to an extension of the dispute deadline to allow time for further discussion of our differences. On February 2, 2010 and again on February 4, 2010, EPA and the LWG engaged in further discussion of the EPA directed comments. The attached table summarizes EPA's response to the LWG's understanding of the resolution of the directed comments as described in your February 5, 2010 letter.

In general, EPA agrees with the LWG's understanding of how the directed comments have been resolved with the following clarifications:

- 1) All chemicals with a hazard quotient greater than or equal to 1.0 based on the lines of evidence presented in the problem formulation must be identified as COCs on a site-wide and AOPC basis and carried into the FS.
- 2) The AOPCs as depicted in EPA's June 23, 2009 letter are approximate and may be refined based on the draft FS.

3) The draft FS must include the chemicals present in near bottom surface water samples above Region 6 tap water PRGs and/or SDWA MCLs when assessing contaminant mobility during the evaluation of remedial action alternatives in the draft FS for the Portland Harbor site, and must demonstrate that depth integrated samples in areas where near bottom samples exceed Region 6 tap water PRGs and/or SDWA MCLs will meet the threshold criteria of protectiveness and compliance with ARARs.

Please acknowledge your acceptance of the comment clarifications presented in the attached Table 1 within 10 days following receipt of this letter. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Chip Humphrey at (503) 326-2678 or Eric Blischke (503) 326-4006. All legal inquiries should be directed to Lori Cora at (206) 553-1115.

Sincerely,

Chip Humphrey Eric Blischke Remedial Project Managers

cc: Greg Ulirsch, ATSDR
Rob Neely, NOAA
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Audie Huber, Confederated Tribes of Umatilla
Brian Cunninghame, Confederated Tribes of Warm Springs
Erin Madden, Nez Perce Tribe
Rose Longoria, Confederated Tribes of Yakama Nation.

TABLE 1
Comment and Resolution Summary
EPA Preliminary Comments on the Baseline Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessments

December 23, 2009 EPA Comment	February 5, 2010 LWG Response	EPA Resolution
1. Use the Logistic Regression Model for	We understand that EPA is withdrawing the	EPA agrees to withdraw this comment.
the development of site specific SQGs.	comment.	EPA, in conjunction with NOAA, will
These SQGs should be used in		continue to work on development of the
conjunction with generic SQGs and	The LWG understands that NOAA may	logistic regression model (LRM) under
SQGs generated based on the logistic	continue work on development of the LRM	the current funding arrangement.
regression model to identify areas of	model. The scope of NOAA work currently	
sediment contamination for evaluation in	funded by the LWG will not be modified	
the draft FS.	because of this continuing work.	
2. Retain the Transition Zone Water	We understand that Comment #2 will result	Based on information reviewed to date,
LOE as a measure of benthic risk. This	only in the modification of the area	only the spatial depiction of AOPC 8 will
information may be used in the	designated "AOPC 8" for evaluation in the	require adjustment based on this comment
assessment of groundwater upwelling and	feasibility study as generally depicted on the	for evaluation in the draft FS based on the
the evaluation of CDFs, CADs and	attached Figure 1. On this basis, the LWG	TZW LOE. However, all TZW COPCs
sediment caps in the draft FS.	will not dispute the comment.	with a hazard quotient greater than or
		equal to 1.0 as identified in Table 6-28 of
		the draft ecological risk assessment must
		be identified as COCs on a site-wide and
		AOPC basis and carried into the FS. As
		further analysis of the data and other
		information is incorporated into the FS,
		the AOPCs as depicted in EPA's June 23,
		2009 letter may be refined based on the
		draft FS.

December 23, 2009 EPA Comment	February 5, 2010 LWG Response	EPA Resolution
3. Benthic risks should be determined	We understand that Comment #3 will result	Based on information reviewed to date,
based on both level 2 and level 3 effects	only in the modification of the area	only the spatial depiction of AOPC 19
identified from the sediment toxicity tests	designated "AOPC 19" for evaluation in the	will require adjustment based on this
performed at the site. This information	feasibility study as generally depicted on	comment for evaluation in the draft FS
should be used to identify areas of	Figure 1. On this basis, the LWG will not	based on the evaluation of empirical
sediment contamination for evaluation in	dispute the comment.	toxicity results. Specifically in this
the draft FS.		instance, the Hyalella biomass endpoint
		based on the EPA 2009 reference
		envelope. EPA notes that the AOPCs as
		depicted in EPA's June 23, 2009 letter are
		approximate and may be refined based on
		the draft FS.
4. All COCs with hazard quotients	We understand that Comment #4 will result	Based on information reviewed to date,
greater than or equal to 1 must be	only in the modification of the area	only the spatial depiction of AOPCs 4 will
identified as potentially posing	designated "AOPC 4" for evaluation in the	require adjustment based on this comment
unacceptable risk. This information will	feasibility study as generally depicted on	for evaluation in the draft FS based on the
be used to identify areas of sediment	Figure 1. On this basis, the LWG will not	results of the baseline ecological risk
contamination for evaluation in the draft	dispute the comment.	assessment. However, chemicals with a
FS.		hazard quotient greater than or equal to
		1.0 based on the lines of evidence
		presented in the problem formulation must
		be identified as COCs on a site-wide and
		AOPC basis and carried into the FS. EPA
		notes that the AOPCs as depicted in
		EPA's June 23, 2009 letter are
		approximate and may be refined based on
		the draft FS.

December 23, 2009 EPA Comment	February 5, 2010 LWG Response	EPA Resolution
5. Generic SQGs that meet the reliability	We understand that Comment #5 will result	Based on information reviewed to date,
analysis requirements must be included	in no changes to the designated AOPCs for	only the spatial depiction of AOPCs 4, 8
in the assessment of benthic risk. This	evaluation in the Feasibility Study.	and 19 will require adjustment for
information will be used to identify areas		evaluation in the draft FS based on the
of sediment contamination for evaluation		results of the baseline ecological risk
in the draft FS.		assessment. However, chemicals with a
		hazard quotient greater than or equal to
		1.0 based on the lines of evidence
		presented in the problem formulation must
		be identified as COCs on a site-wide and
		AOPC basis and carried into the FS. EPA
		notes that the AOPCs as depicted in
		EPA's June 23, 2009 letter are
		approximate and may be refined based on
		the draft FS.
6. All chemicals presented in Table 11-2	The LWG did not object to this comment is	No EPA response required.
should be included as COCs. PRGs	its January 20, 2010 letter.	
should be developed for these chemicals		
unless it is not possible to relate the		
measurement endpoint to a sediment		
concentration.		

December 22, 2000 EDA Comment	Echanomy 5 2010 I WC Doggarage	EDA Decelution
December 23, 2009 EPA Comment	February 5, 2010 LWG Response	EPA Resolution
7. All chemicals identified as posing	Given that the comment addresses the	EPA agrees revision of Table 11-2 only
unacceptable risks from lines of evidence	contents of BERA Table 11-2, the LWG	pertains to revision of the draft baseline
EPA directed LWG to use, but which	understands that EPA agrees that Comment	ecological risk assessment as long as all
were eliminated by inappropriate LWG	#7 does not pertain to the FS.	chemicals with a hazard quotient greater
risk management decisions prior to the		than or equal to 1.0 based on the lines of
completion of risk characterization, must	The LWG understands that if an HQ>1 is	evidence presented in the problem
also be incorporated in Table 11-2 of the	identified, then that chemical will be	formulation are identified as COCs on a
BERA	evaluated in the FS.	site-wide and AOPC basis and carried into
		the FS. EPA notes that the AOPCs as
		depicted in EPA's June 23, 2009 letter are
		approximate and may be refined based on
		the draft FS.
8. Table 11-2 must either amended, or	Given that the comment addresses the	EPA agrees revision of Table 11-2 only
split into multiple tables, so that it	contents of BERA Table 11-2, the LWG	pertains to revision of the draft baseline
provides information on both which lines	understands that EPA agrees that Comment	ecological risk assessment as long as all
of evidence any given chemical poses	#8 does not pertain to the FS.	chemicals with a hazard quotient greater
unacceptable risks, and the magnitude of		than or equal to 1.0 based on the lines of
the identified risks. As currently	The LWG understands that if an HQ>1 is	evidence presented in the problem
structured, Table 11-2 provides little	identified, then that chemical will be	formulation are identified as COCs on a
more than an incomplete list of chemicals	evaluated in the FS.	site-wide and AOPC basis and carried into
identified as posing unacceptable risks to		the FS. EPA notes that the AOPCs as
one or more receptors, and provides no		depicted in EPA's June 23, 2009 letter are
information on the magnitude of risks.		approximate and may be refined based on
information on the magnitude of fisks.		the draft FS.
9. The dietary risk evaluation must be	The LWG did not object to this comment is	No EPA response required.
recalculated and the COCs and PRGs	its January 20, 2010 letter.	110 El 11 lesponse required.
adjusted accordingly for use in the draft	100 varioury 20, 2010 10001.	
FS.		
10. Chemicals present in surface water	The LWG understands that EPA will allow	EDA aaknowladges EDA Comments 251
and transition zone water evaluated above	using these criteria in the FS in other	EPA acknowledges EPA Comments 251
the relevant a human health water quality	evaluations in addition to those specifically	and 253 on the Comprehensive Round 2
criteria (i.e., SDWA MCLs and CWA	mentioned in EPA's December 18, 2009	Site Characterization and Data Gaps
Citicità (i.e., SDWA WICLS allu CWA	mentioned in El A 8 December 10, 2009	Report. ¹

December 23, 2009 EPA Comment	February 5, 2010 LWG Response	EPA Resolution
AWQCs) should be carried forward into	comments on the FS process. On this basis,	
the Portland Harbor FS and used for the	the LWG will carry these criteria forward	As a result, EPA agrees that the ARARs
development of PRGs.	into the FS.	evaluation of surface water and the
-		drinking water pathway should be
	The comment, which is presented as a	performed consistent with EPA comments
	comment on the BHHRA, directs the LWG	251 and 253. However, EPA notes that
	to perform the evaluation for chemicals	near bottom surface water samples
	"evaluated above the relevant human health	collected at the Portland Harbor site
	water quality criteria." Neither the comment	contain chemicals exceeding Region 6 tap
	nor any of the detailed text supporting the	water PRGs and/or SDWA MCLs but are
	comment requires the comparison of data to	not present above these thresholds in
	ARARs on a point-by-point basis as	depth integrated samples. These
	proposed by some participants in the	chemicals include dioxin, certain
	February 2 meeting. In fact, the comment is	carcinogenic PAHs, certain volatile
	consistent with the LWG's understanding	organic compounds and perchlorate.
	that ARARs are to be evaluated in the FS	Because depth integrated samples were
	consistent with their evaluation in the	not collected at these locations, the risk
	BHRRA, as stated in our October 7, 2009	assessment must discuss the uncertainty
	letter to EPA accepting EPA's August 7,	associated with the exclusion of this data
	2009 RAO directive. For example, our letter	in the baseline human health risk
	notes that "in our recent discussions, EPA	assessment. In addition, the draft FS must
	affirmed that the evaluation in the FS	include an assessment of the chemicals
	should use the methodologies in the risk	present in near bottom surface water
	assessment (again assuming no treatment,	samples above Region 6 tap water PRGs
	but where vertically integrated samples	and/or SDWA MCLs when assessing
	were evaluated against MCLs) as a guide to	contaminant mobility during the
	the evaluation against MCLs in the FS.	evaluation of remedial action alternatives
	Other comparative methodologies could be	in the draft FS for the Portland Harbor
	discussed in the evaluation of uncertainty."	site. The FS must demonstrate that depth
	EPA has not responded to our October 7,	integrated samples in areas where near
	2009 letter, and, prior to the comments	bottom samples exceed Region 6 tap
	made at the February 2 meeting, the LWG	water PRGs and/or SDWA MCLs will

December 23, 2009 EPA Comment	February 5, 2010 LWG Response	EPA Resolution
	had no reason to believe that EPA had a	meet the threshold criteria of
	different view.	protectiveness and compliance with
		ARARs consistent with the risk
		assessment exposure assumptions. Near
		bottom surface water samples should be
		screened against SDWA MCLs and
		Region 6 tap water PRGs in the risk
		assessment to support these evaluations.
		For the evaluation of groundwater at the
		site, EPA requires the evaluation of
		groundwater data (including the transition
		zone) against fish consumption AWQCs
		(17.5 g/day) and SDWA MCLs.

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Comment 251: Willamette River surface water should be considered a potential future drinking water source. For assessing surface water (SW) as a drinking water source, surface water should be screened against MCLs and EPA Region 6 tapwater PRGs using max values from each sampling site using only integrated water data. The COPCs selected should be evaluated for a drinking water scenario for trespassers, workers, and residents, and for inadvertent ingestion from swimming for recreational users. Vertically integrated and transect surface water data should be used; near bottom samples should not be included. A site-wide average concentration should be generated.

Comment 253: <u>SW as a Drinking Water Source</u> – Scenarios that evaluate the risk from drinking surface water for workers and residents should be added to the CSM and to the RI baseline HHRA. These evaluations can be done using integrated SW samples to identify COPCs. Region 6 screening levels should be used in place of the tap water PRGs from Region 9 (for non-cancer screening levels assume an HI= 0.1).

ⁱ EPA Comments 251 and 253 state in part: